



Resilience Basis, Definition, and Interdisciplinary Application

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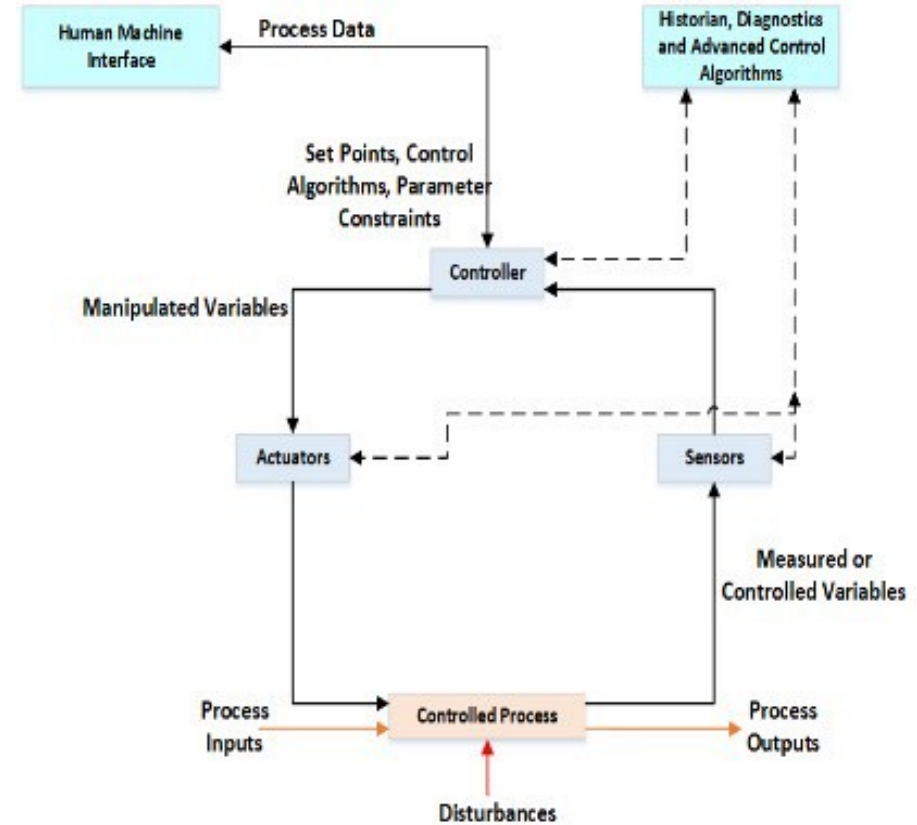
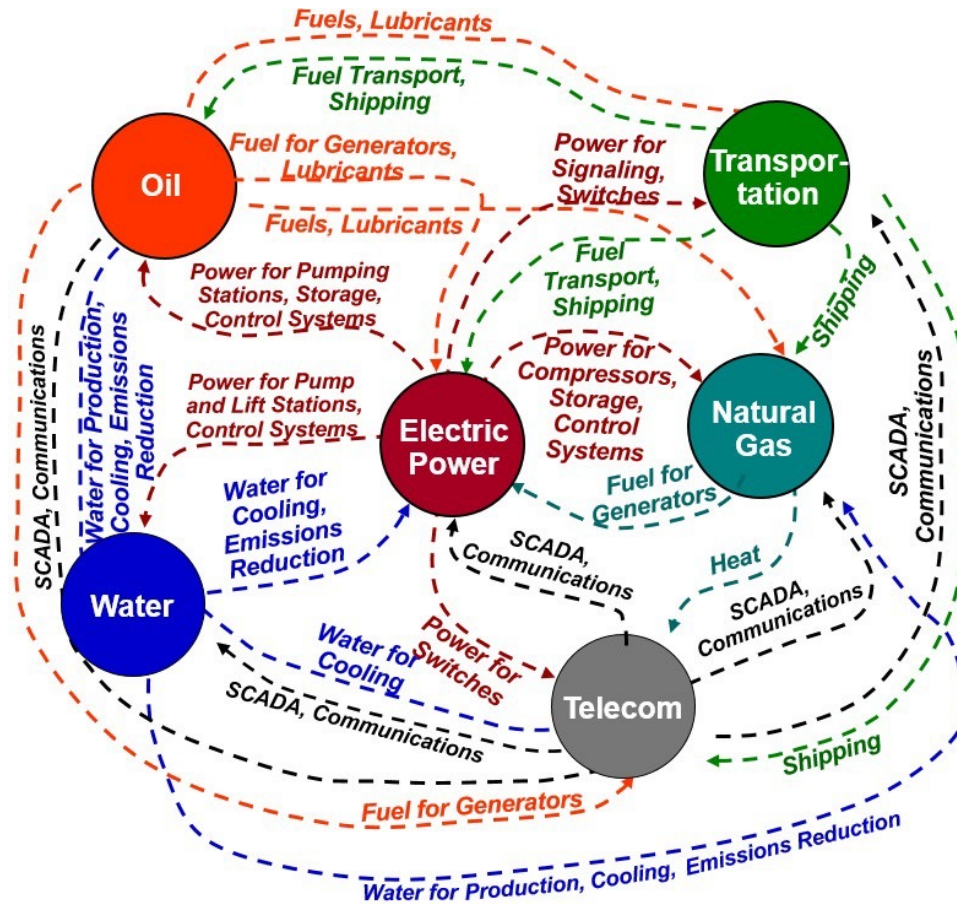
Outline

- **Resilient Control Systems Background**
- **Resilient Control Systems Precepts**
- **Architecture for Resilient Design**
- **Summary**

Resilient Control Systems Background

Control System Complexity

(Ron Fisher, inl.gov)

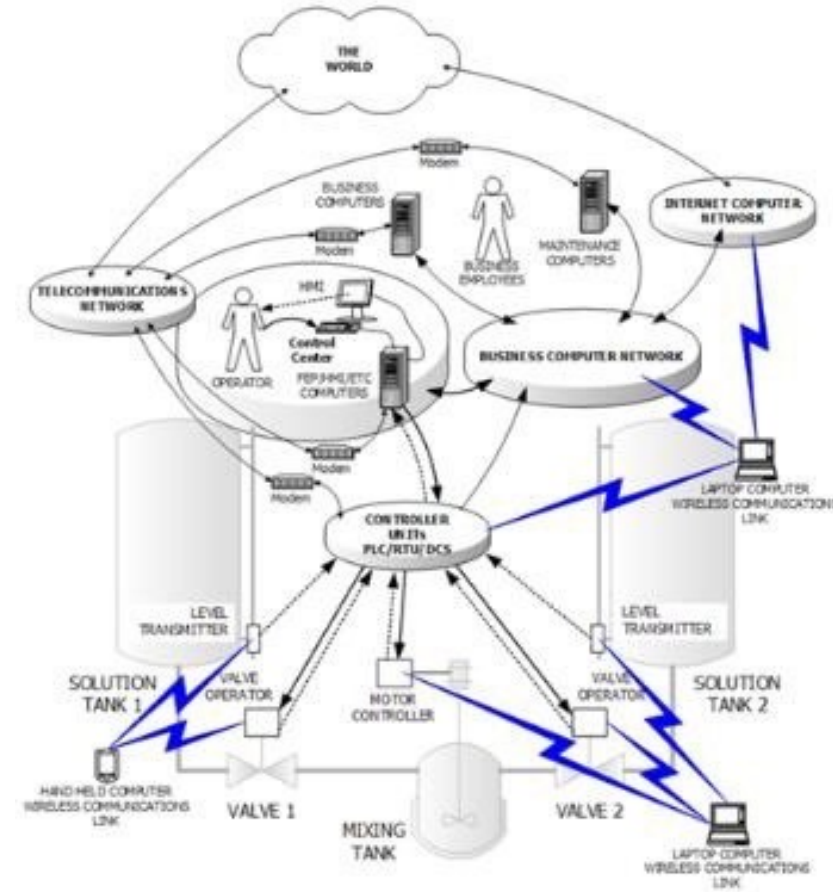
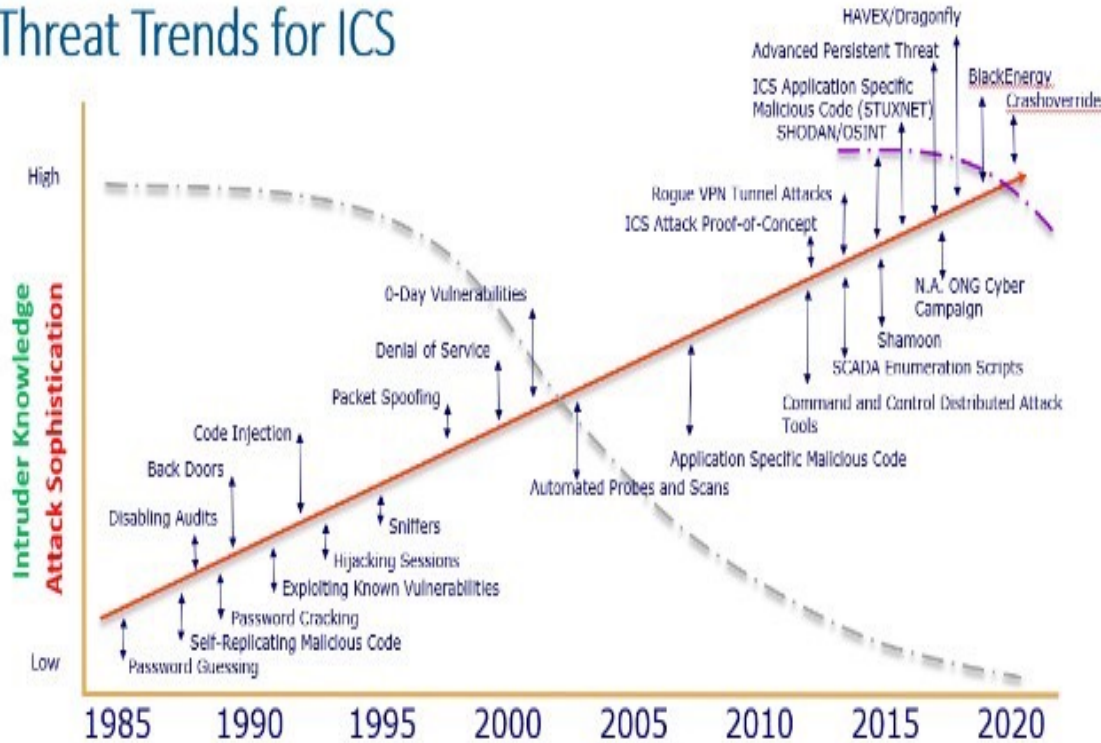


The ability to network control systems has provided a mixed blessing in the ability to interlock systems of systems, even crossing industrial sectors.

Cyber System Complexity

Adapted from Lipson, H. F., Tracking and Tracing Cyber-Attacks: Technical Challenges and Global Policy Issues, ics-cert.us)

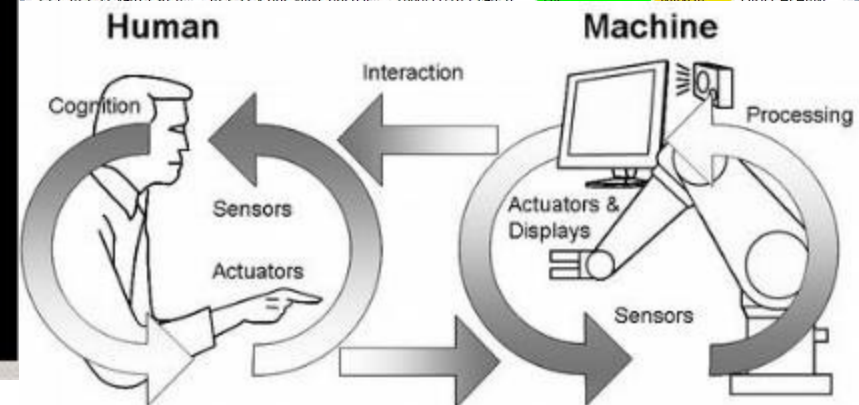
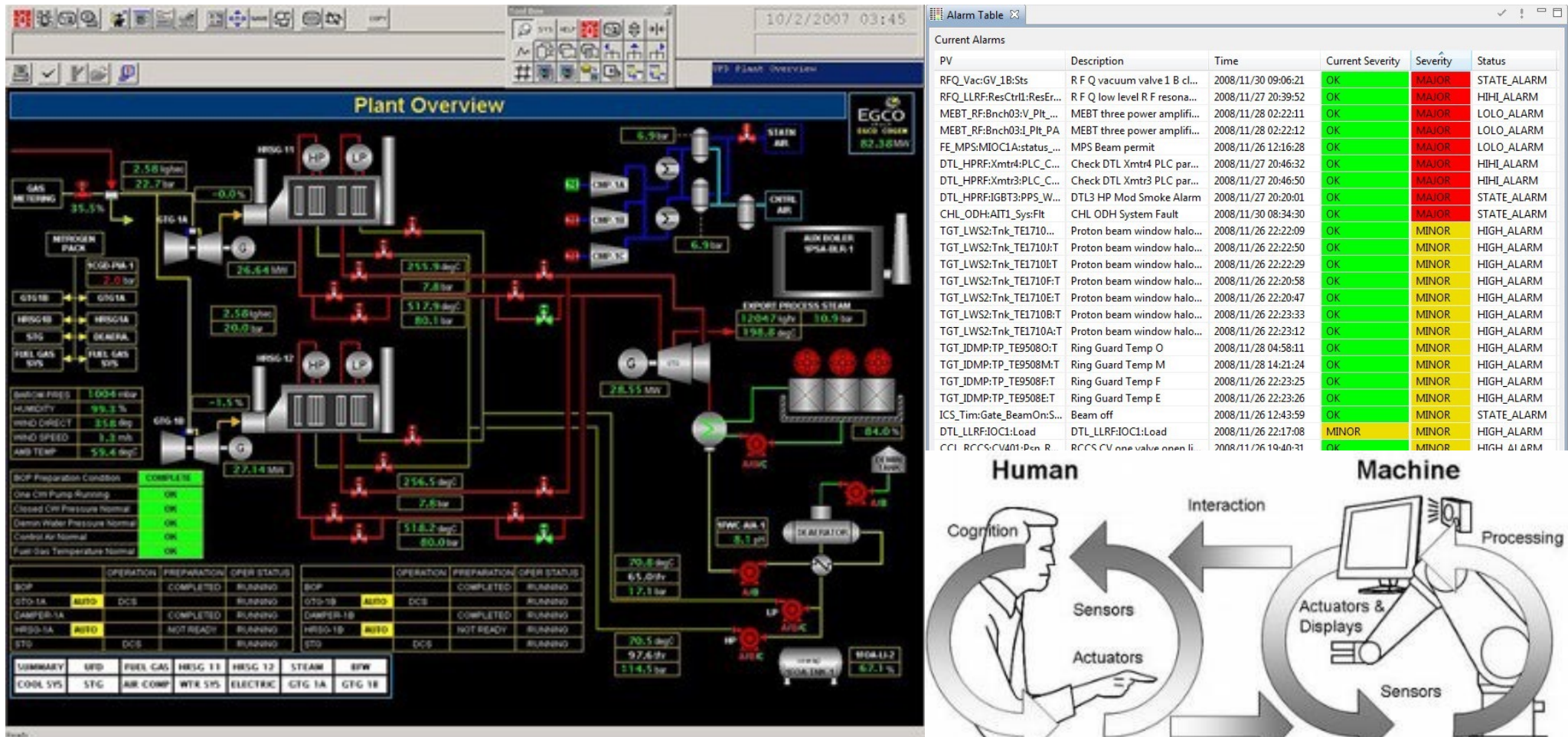
Threat Trends for ICS



Cyber security attacks are becoming increasingly complex, which includes the targeting of control systems.

Human System Complexity

(yokagawa.com, cs-studio.sourceforge.net, plantautomation-technology.com)



Human interfaces are loaded with data, generating complexity for the operator or dispatcher to interpret.

Resilience Considerations Arising From Complexity

- **Unexpected condition adaptation**

- Achievable hierarchy with semi-autonomous echelons: The ability to have large scale, integrated supervisory control methodologies that implement graceful degradation
- Distributed control to address complex interdependencies and latency: Decomposition of interdependent control system elements to simpler, stabilizable agents to reduce impacts from latency and failure propagation

- **Goal conflicts**

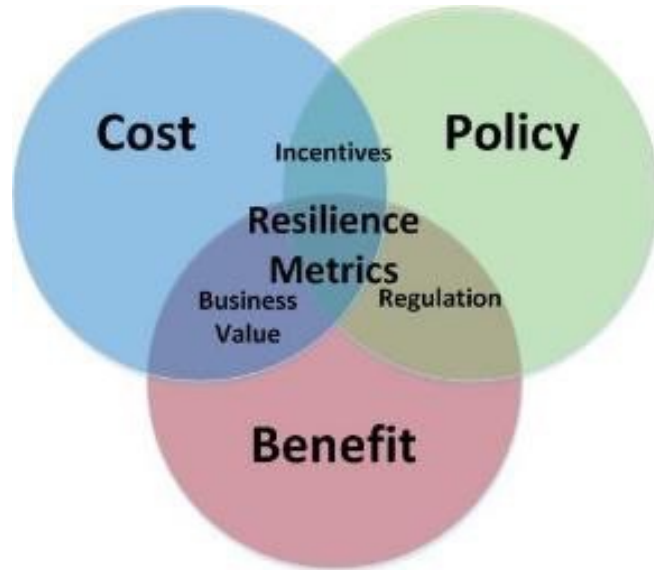
- Recognize performance goals: Besides stability, security, efficiency and other factors influence the overall criteria for performance of the control system and must be prioritized with appropriate tradeoff analysis
- Increase state awareness: Raw data must be translated to information on the condition of the process and the control system components

- **Human interaction challenges**

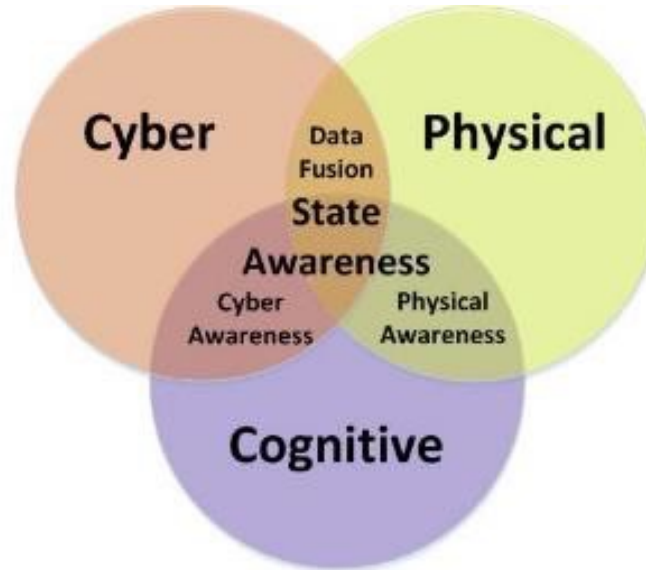
- Human performance prediction: Humans possess great capability based upon knowledge and skill, but are not always operating at the same performance level
- Cyber awareness and intelligent adversary: The ability to mitigate cyber attacks is necessary to ensure the integrity of the control system

Disciplinary and Application Alignment

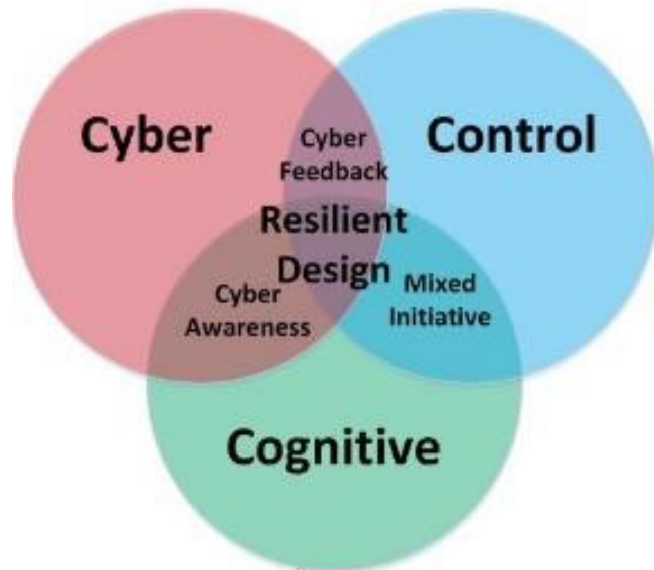
Measure



Recon



Resist/ Respond

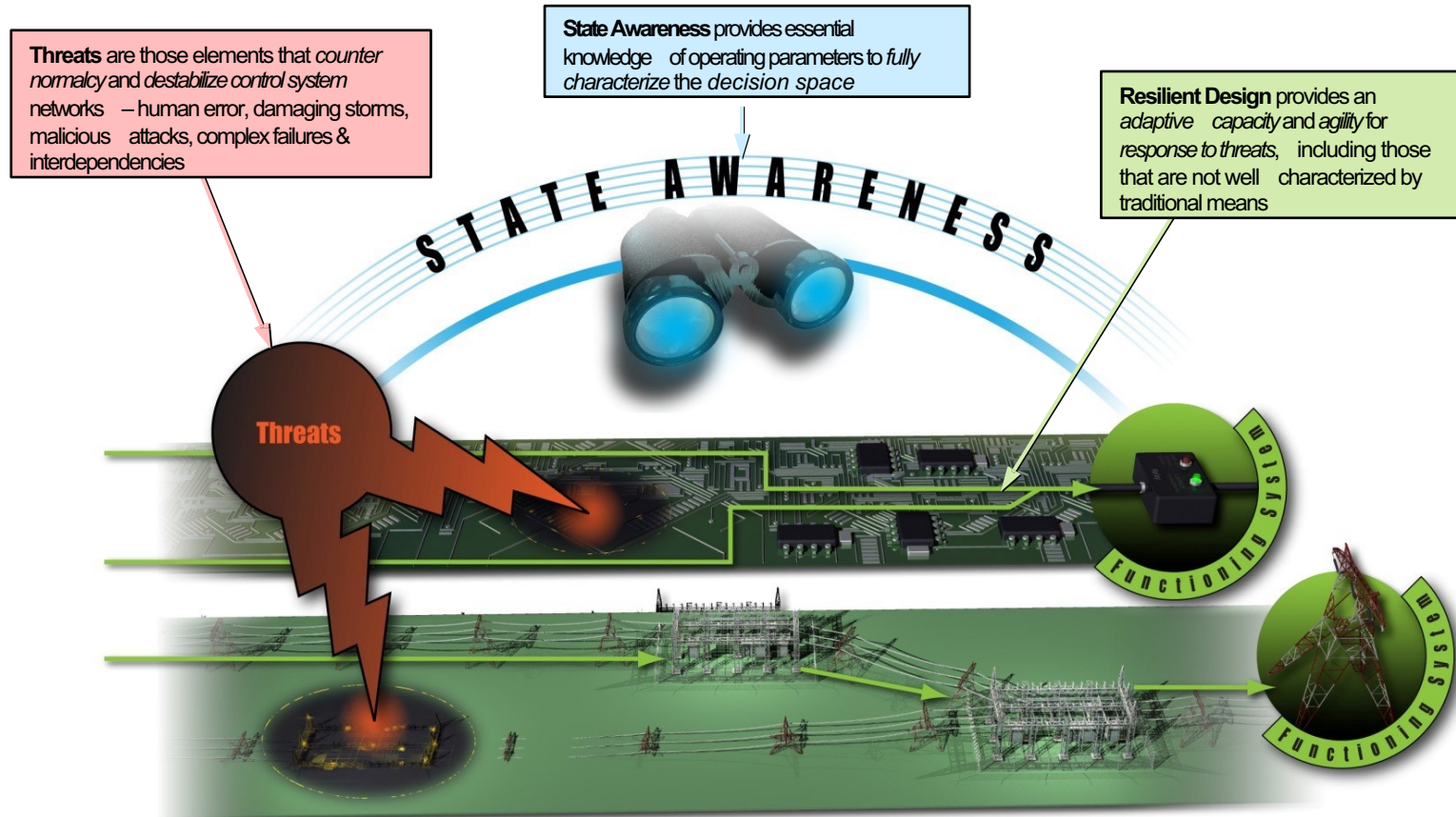


Resilience



Resilient Control System Precepts

Next Generation Control Systems: From Reliable to Resilient



“Resilience” is the capacity of a control system to maintain state awareness and an accepted level of operational normalcy in response to disturbances, including threats of an unexpected and malicious nature. (2009)

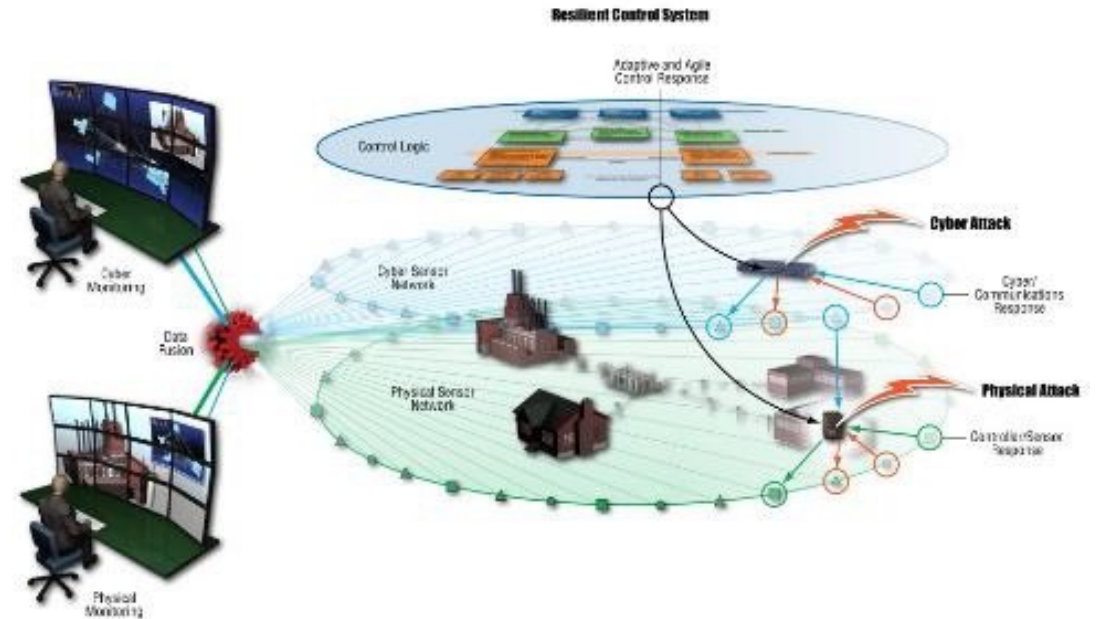
Transformational Threat-Resilient Control Systems

• National Challenges

- Cascading failure: Increasingly networked control systems create correspondingly increased control/human interdependencies
- Cyber security: Cyber vulnerability is a new dynamic systems failure paradigm

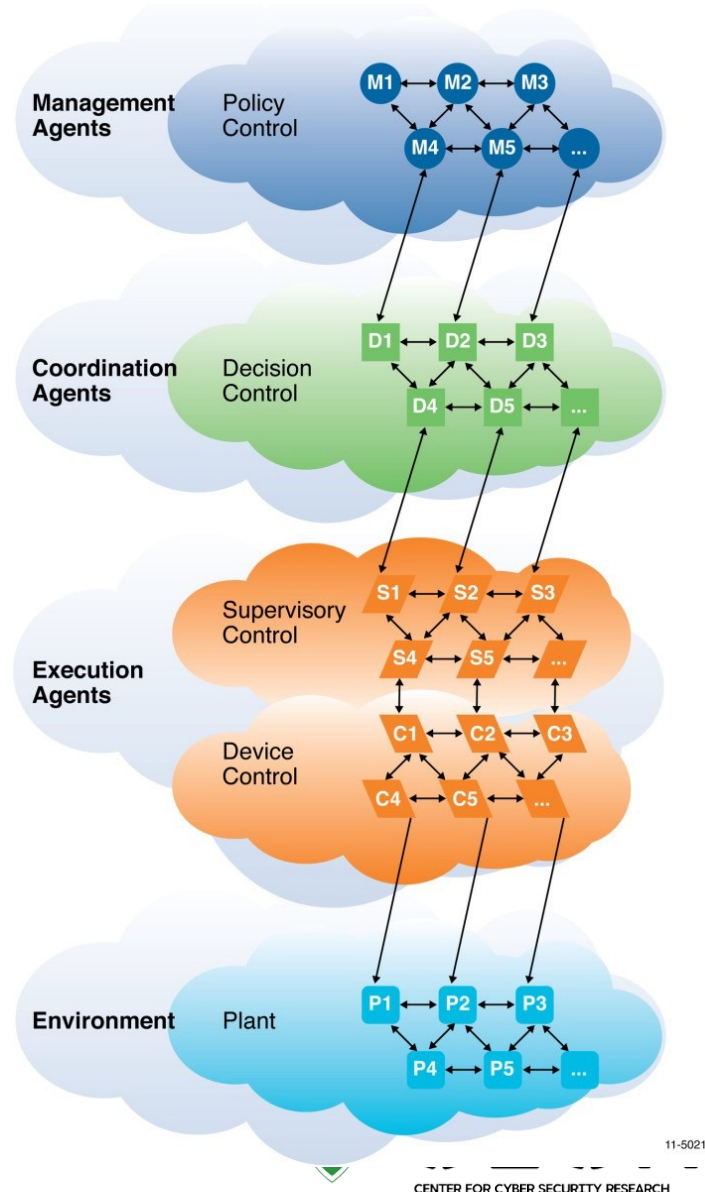
• Outcomes Addressing Challenges

- Minimizing impact to infrastructure and mission
 - Intelligent architectures integrate expert knowledge with supervisory control
 - Diverse detection and response protections at each level of control system architecture
- Maximizing operational efficiencies
 - Advanced control designs assess degradation and proactively control
- Enabling rapid response to all threats
 - Cyber security and human factors-based degradation state awareness for operators and pilots



From Reliable Centralized to Resilient Distributed Control Systems

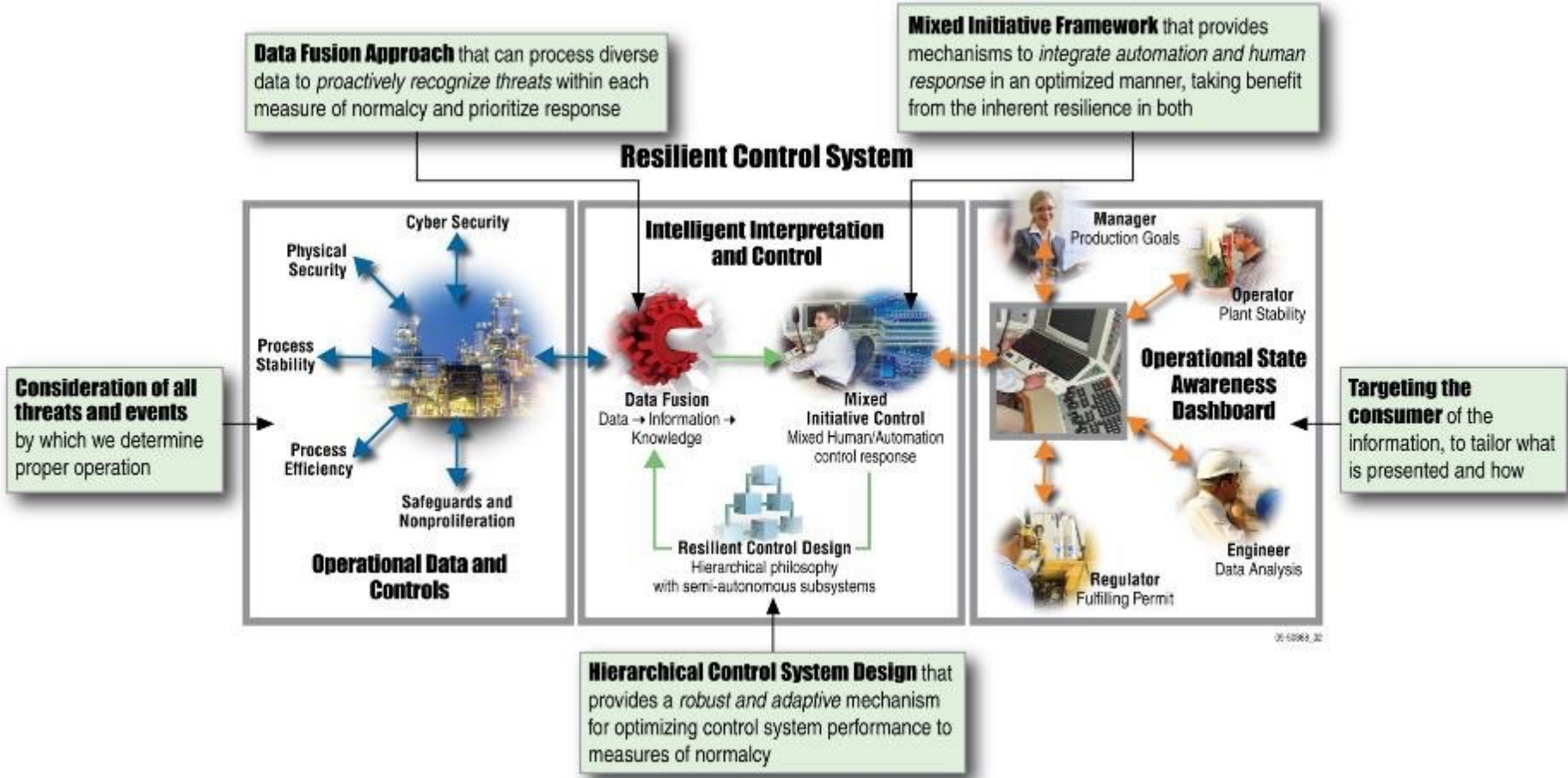
- **Unexpected condition adaptation**
 - Centralized monitoring and control interactions that are brittle to unexpected failures
 - Complex interdependencies and latencies of interaction that cause emergent behaviors
- **Human Interaction**
 - Complex human performance variables and variations
 - Multiple performance goals not uniquely correlating resilience
- **Malicious Action**
 - Lack of state awareness of malicious action and physical context



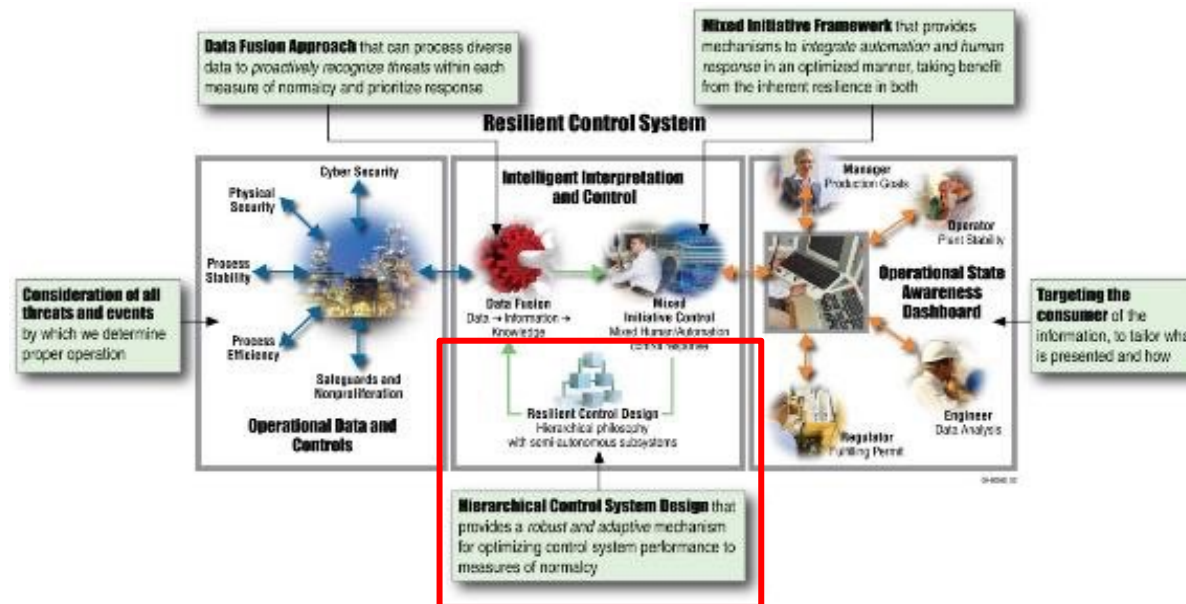
- **Unexpected condition adaptation**
 - Decomposed dynamics to achievable hierarchy with semi-autonomous echelons
 - Tiered metrics to confirm performance and root cause
 - Negotiated tradeoff analysis to disturbance conditions to ensure mission resilience over efficiencies and cost
 - Intelligent behavior learning for transformational response
- **Human Interaction**
 - Prediction of human performance and autonomy interdiction
 - Fusion and prioritization of response based upon resilience priorities
- **Malicious Action**
 - Active defenses for deception and environment modification confuse and deflect adversaries

Architecture for Resilient Design

A Resilient Control System Architecture



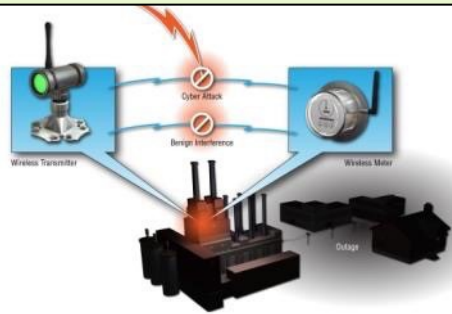
Hierarchical, Multi-agent Dynamical System Design for a Physical System



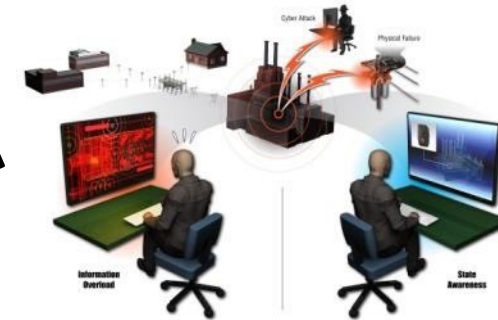
- **Management and Coordination Layers Reflect Policy & Coordination**
 - Human intrinsic decisions and desires currently performed outside of control system
 - Integrated using computational intelligence, codifying human interactions and decisions
 - Performance targets and decisions integrated directly in the design to increase resilience through rapid configuration and reduced operator burden
 - Security and complex interdependencies are key elements in ensuring the ultimate architecture of the design, requiring a perspective on normal behaviors and interactions
- **Execution Layer Reflect the Time-based Control Theory of Operation**

Transformative Research and Deployable Solutions for Inherent Infrastructure Resilience (from inl.gov)

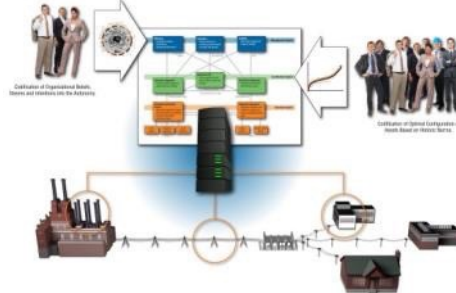
Intelligent Cyber Detection & Feedback Mechanisms



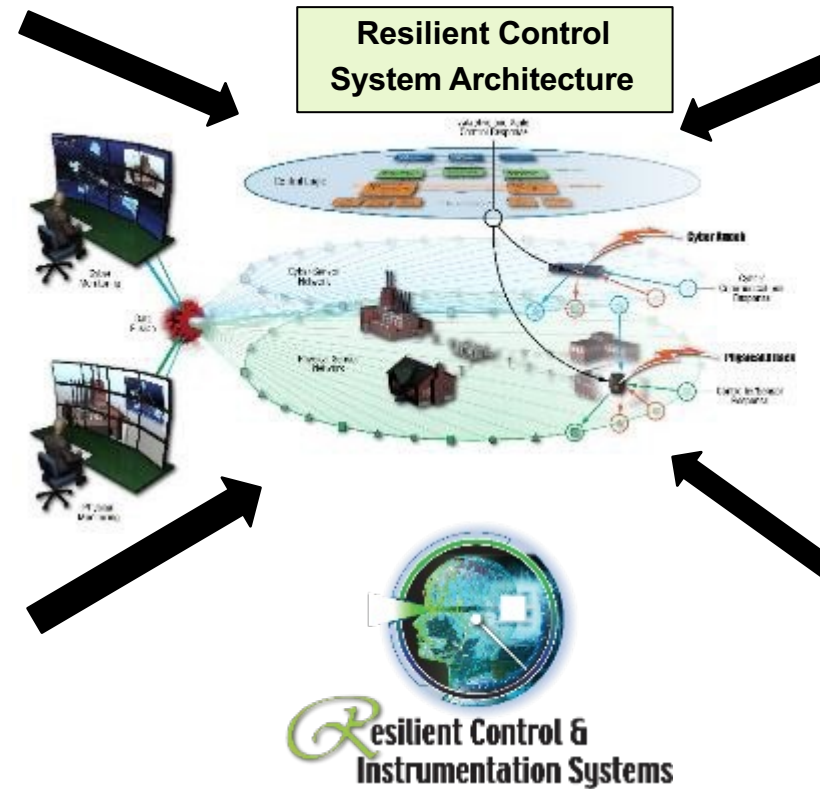
Role-based, Cyber-Physical State and Context Awareness



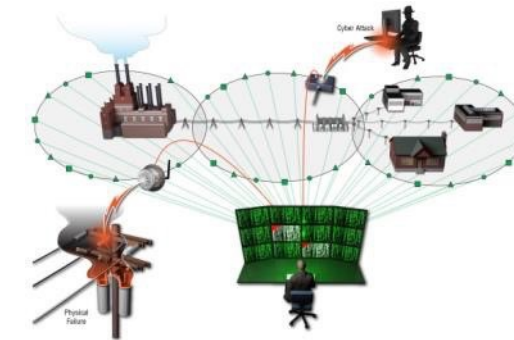
Adaptive and Agile Resilience Control Architectures



Resilient Control System Architecture



Infrastructure Trustworthiness Assessment & Proactive Control



Summary

Summary

- **Resilient Control Systems has been a Research Area Since 2008**
 - Founded Resilience Week, but also other conferences, symposia and workshops
 - Considers State Awareness and Resilient Design to recognize and counter affects
 - Must be judged by accepted metrics of resilience
- **Resilient Control Considers Manmade and Natural Threats**
 - Both malicious and benign, unintended human actions
 - Unexpected, cascading affects to complex control systems
- **Architecture for Human-Cyber-Physical Response**
 - Infrastructure Cyber-Physical Trustworthiness Assessment & Adaptive, Proactive Control
 - Role-based, Cyber-Physical State and Context Awareness for Human Response
 - Hierarchical, Multiagent Distributed Recognition and Response to Cyber-Physical Threats

QUESTIONS?

